## ACRHEM – Laser Primer

## Assignment 6

5-10-09

## Submission date 12.10.09

- 1. Derive a relation between the far field divergence after the lens in terms of the far field divergence before the lens.
- 2. A Gaussian beam with the following parameters is incident onto a convex lens.

f =10 cm,  $d_0$  = 20 cm,  $W_0$  = 0.1 mm and  $\lambda$ = 0.63  $\mu$ m

- 1. Rayleigh range of the input beam
- 2. Beam waist of the emergent beam
- 3. Magnification
- 4. Location of the beam waist after the lens.
- 5. The divergence of the input beam
- 6. The divergence of the emergent beam
- 7. The Rayleigh range of the emergent beam.
- 3. A Gaussian beam with the following parameters is incident onto a convex lens.

f =20 cm, $d_0$  = 20 cm, $z_0$  = 785  $\mu$ m &  $\lambda$ = 0.4  $\mu$ m

## Calculate

- (a) Beam waist of the input beam
- (b) Beam waist of the emergent beam
- (c) What the magnification
- (d) Location of the beam waist after the lens.
- (e) The divergence of the input beam
- (f) The divergence of the emergent beam
- (g) The Rayleigh range of the emergent beam.
- 4. Find out the wavelength of laser used in a CD, DVD and Blue ray RW disc drive of a computer. What is the focusing geometry used in these systems? What is the typical beam waist size achieved?
- 5. Under what conditions, the expression for the position of the beam waist after a thin lens can be written in the form of  $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_0} + \frac{1}{d_1}$